Ref. (A) Mr. Matthew Hume, a former slave

Mr. Hume had many interesting experiences to tell concerning the part slavery had played in his family. On the whole they were fortunate in having a good master who would not keep an overseer who whipped his "blacks".

His father, Luke Hume, lived in Trimble County Kentucky and was allowed to raise for himself one acre of tobacco, one acre of corn, garden stuff, chickens and have the milk and butter from one cow. He was advised to save his money by the overseer, but always drank it up. On this plantation all the slaves were free from Saturday moon until Monday morning and on Christmas and the Fourth of July. A majority of them would go to Bedford or Milton and drink, gamble and fight. On the neighboring farm the slaves were treated cruelly. Mr. Hume had a brother-in-law, Steve Lewis, she carried marks on his back. For years he had a sore that would not heal where his master had struck him with a blacksmake whip.

Three good overseers were Jake Mack and Mr. Crafton, Mr. Daniel Payne was the owner who asked his people to report any mistreatment to him, He expected obedience however.

When Mr. Hume was a small boy he was placed in the fields to hoe,
He also wated a new implement. He was so small he was unable to keep near
enough to the men and boys to hear what they were tiking about, he remember
ed bringing up the rear one day, when he saw a large rock he carefully
envered it with dirt, then came down hard on it breaking his hoe. He
missed a whipping and received a new tool to replace the eld one, aft or
this he could keep near enough to hear what the other workers were talking
about.

Another of his duties was to go for the cattle, he had to walk around the read about a mile, but was permitted to come back through the fields at a quarter of a mile. One afternoon his mistress told him to bring hand of wood when he came in. In the summer it was the custem to have children earry the wood from the fields. When he came up he saw his

nistress was angry this preved him, so that he stalked into the hall and planmed his wood into the box. About this time his mistress shayed him into mall closet and locked the door. He made such a howl t hat he brought his mother and father to the rescue and was soon released from his prison. As soon as the children were old enough they were placed in the fields to prepare the ground for setting tobacco plants. This was a very complicated procedure. The ground was made into hills, each requiring about four feet of soil. The child had to get all the clods broken fine, Them place his foot in the center and leave his track. The plant s were to be set out in the center and wee to the youngster who had failed to pulverize his hill. After one plowing the tobacco was hand tended. It was long green and divided into two grades. It was prossed by being placed in large hogsheads and weighted down. One one occasion they were told their tobacce was se eaten up that the worms were sitting on the fence waiting for the leaves to grow but nevertheless in some manner his master hid the defects and received the best price paid in the community.

The mistress on a neighboring plantation was a devout Catholic, and had all the children come each Sunday after-meen to study the catechism and repeat the Lord's Prayer. She was not very successful in training them in the Catholic faith as when they grew up most of them were either Bapt ists or Methodists. Mr. Hame said she did a lot of good in leading them to Christian had did not learn such of the catechism as he only attended for the treat. After the service they always had carry or a sup of sugar,

On the Proston place there was a big strapping negro of eight con when the eversor attempted to whip receiving the worst of it. He then went to be also become and acked for help but was told he would have to seek else for help. Finally some one was found to assist. Shith was tied to a finally ventured up and loosened the ropes, Enith kicked him as hard could end ran to the Payme estate reducing to return. He was a good

helper here where he received kind treatment.

A bad overseer was discharged once by Mr. Payne because of his cruelty to Mr. Inke Hume. The cornerib was a tiny affair where a man had to climb out one leg at a time, one morning just as Mr. Hume's father was climbing out with his feed, he was struck over the head with a large club, the next corning he broke the scoop off an iron shovel and fastened the iron handle to his body. This time he swung himself from the door of the crib and seeing the overseer hiding to strik him he threw his bar, which made a wound on the man's head which did not knock him out. As soon as Mr. Payne heard of the disturbance the overseer was discharged and Mr. Mack placed in charge of the slaves.

One way of exacting obedience was to threaten to send effenders South to work in the fields. The slaves around Lexington, Kentucky, came out head on one occasion. The collector was Shrader. He had the slaves hand-cuffed to a large log chain and forced on a flat boat. There were so many that the boat was grounded, so some of the slaves were released to push the boat off. Among the "blacks" was one who could read and write. Before Shrader could omin them up again, he was seized and chained, taken to below Mamphis Tennessee and forced to work in the cotton fields until he was able to get word from Richmond identifying him. In the meantime the educated Ragro issued freedom papers to his companions. Many of them came back to Lexington, Kentucky where they were employed.

Er. Hume though the Emancipation Proclamation was the greatest work that Ebraham Lincoln ever did. The colored people on his plant ation did not learn of it until the following August. Then Mr. Payne and his sons filtered to let them live on their ground with conditions similar to our mating system, giving a share of the erop. They remained here until Jan. It 1865 when they crossed the Chie at Madison. They had a cow which had a given them before the Emancipation Proclamation was issued but this taken away from them. So they came to Ind. homeless, friendless and

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Mr. Hume and his aged wife have been married 62 years and resided in the same community for 55 years where they are highly respected by all their neighbors.

He could not understand the attitude of his race who preferred to remain in slavery receiving only food and shelter, rather than to be free citizens where they could have the right to develop their individualism.(A)